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ZIRCONIA CROWNS: What dentists and labs need to know in 2020!

Gordon's Clinical Observations: Monolithic esthetic crowns now dominate the market. However, there are now so many brand names and marketing claims that it is impossible to know which are actually serving best. Are the zirconias serving so well that it is time to abandon metal crowns and multi-unit fixed prostheses? The TRAC Research section of Clinicians Report has been conducting real-world, "in-the-mouth" comparisons of these materials, moving them into clinical study as they were introduced in the U.S. for the past 11 years. *This report is packed with information that will help you make informed decisions with your patients concerning the choice of which materials to use where.*

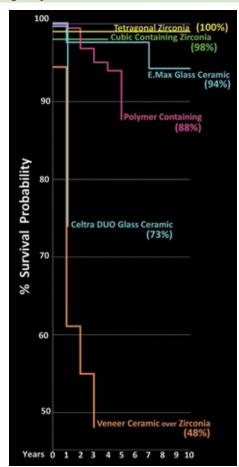
Uncertain economic futures have focused patients on *durability* and *affordability* of esthetic crowns. Our 10-year continuing study involving 121 dentists and 1,046 esthetic crowns shows *zirconia ceramics uniquely fulfill these criteria*. So far, ALL of 16 different zirconia ceramics have 100% survival in clinical service, with even the newer unproven esthetic zirconias all surviving their first service year without fracture. This finding is unique to the zirconias vs. the other esthetic crown materials in this study.

This report updates clinicians on:

- (1) Important terminology
- (2) Strength numbers they can expect
- (3) Clinical performance of a variety of zirconia formulations
- (4) Brand names tied to physical properties claimed by source companies
- (5) Emerging contra-indications for zirconia.

Crown Survival Graph (Kaplan Meier) shows <u>fracture survival</u> up to 10 years of 1,046 esthetic molar crowns from 5 material categories. <u>NOTE</u>: Only the 2 Categories of zirconia (Tetragonal and Cubic Containing) have <u>NO fractures in</u> <u>service</u>.

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ZIRCONIA CROWNS: What dentists and labs need to know in 2020! (Continued from page 1)

1. Critical facts about zirconia—Why isn't this information communicated with every crown?

Transparency about zirconia <u>formulation</u>, <u>physical properties</u>, <u>clinical indications</u>, and <u>specific brand name milled</u> should be *MANDATORY* for every restoration delivered to dentists and their patients. Lack of this information is causing misunderstandings leading to poor choices and handling that affect restoration durability. Patients want restorations that appear to be their natural teeth—and they *expect* them to last! This study is showing zirconia has potential to fulfill these patient expectations. However, labs & dentists must have <u>correct information</u>. The fickle strength numbers are a large part of the overall problem, along with the aggressive promotion of the unproven Cubic Containing 4Y & 5Y formulations, and secrecy about additives to the zirconium oxide which could negatively effect some patients with hypersensitivity issues.

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EXPLANATION OF CHART BELOW:

<u>Column (1)</u> lists in <u>red</u> the commonly used "Y" terminology (*which refers to the "mol %" of the oxide yttria in the formulation*), and lists in <u>black</u> the correct terminolgy established by international agreement.

<u>Column (2)</u> lists the amount of yttria in the formulation by "mol %" (*red*) and by weight % (*black*).

Column (3) lists the approproximate ratio of the strong Tetragonal versus the weaker Cubic crystals in the 3Y, 4Y, and 5Y formulations.

<u>Columns (4) and (5)</u> list the flexural strengths and fracture toughness values agreed upon internationally as reasonable expectations for the Tetragonal and Cubic Containing zirconia formulations.

Columns (6), (7), and 8 list the flexural strengths and fracture toughness values claimed by the companies selling the brand names listed.

INFORMATION NEEDED TO UNDERSTAND ZIRCONIA					STRENGTHS, FRACTURE TOUGHNESS & CLASS CLAIMED BY SOURCE COMPANY ★		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Commonly Used Terms	Mol % Yttira ≭		Internationally Agreed Upon Numbers for the 2 Zirconia Classes		Flexural Strength	Fracture Toughness	Brand Names & Source Company
Correct Terms	Weight % Yttria		Flexural Strength	Fracture Toughness	(MPa)	(MPa√m)	
					1200	?	Alien HT (Alien Milling Technologies)
					1100	?	Alien Multi-Layer (Alien Milling Technologies)
3Y Zirconia Tetragonal or Class 5 Zirconia	3 mol % 4.5–6.0 weight %	~100% Tetragonal & ~0% Cubic	>800 MPa	>5	1250	testing in process	ArgenZ HT+ (Argen)
					1100+	5.0	BruxZir (2009) (Glidewell)
					1100	5.0	BruxZir NOW (Glidewell)
					1100+	5.0	BruxZir Shaded (Glidewell)
					1243	5.1	ZirCAD LT (Ivoclar Vivadent)
					1200	5.1	ZirCAD Prime Core and ZirCAD Prime Incisa (Ivoclar Vivadent)
					1200+	5.0+	Zirlux 16+ (Zahn Dental)
4Y Zirconia Cubic Containing or Class 4 Zirconia	<mark>≥4 mol %</mark> 6.0–8.0 weight %	~75% Tetragonal & ~25% Cubic	>500 MPa	>3.5	850	3.6	ZirCAD MT (Ivoclar Vivadent)
					650	2.1	BruxZir Anterior (Glidewell)
EV	≥5 mol % 9.05–10.0 weight %	~50% Tetragonal & ~50% Cubic	>500 MPa ●	>3.5 ●	870	2.7–3.1	BruxZir Esthetic (Glidewell)
5Y Zirconia Cubic Containing or Class 4 Zirconia					720	4.8	CubeX ² (Dental Direct)
					748	3.2	Katana STML (Kuraray Noritake)
					800	>4.0	Lava Esthetic (3M)
			NOTE: ISO does not differentiate between Cubic Containing Zirconia formulations 4Y & 5Y				

* Yttria: An oxide added originally to zirconium oxide to stabilize the crystal structure in its strongest Tetragonal configuration, now increased to change refractive index and give zirconia more translucence, but increase in yttria results in *strength reductions*.

Claimed Strengths & Fracture Toughness: Marketing, use of different test methods, and manipulation of techniques cause important variations in strengths claimed by different companies.

SUMMARY:

• As more yttria is added to improve esthetics (*3Y versus 4Y–5Y*), the strength and fracture toughness decrease.

- As the percentage of strong Tetragonal phase zirconia is replaced by the weaker Cubic phase (*3Y versus 4Y–5Y*), the <u>strength and fracture</u> toughness decrease.
- Market competition encourages exaggeration of strength and fracture toughness numbers beyond those generally expected which leads clinicians to choose the less proven Cubic Containing zirconia over the well-proven Tetraganol zirconia since strengths and fracture toughness appear similar in ads, when they are not.

ZIRCONIA CROWNS: What dentists and labs need to know in 2020! (Continued from page 2)

2. Which <u>brands</u> and zirconia categories are in this study—and what has been observed?

	-	-	-						
Brand Name	Mol % Yttria	2020 Service Years	2020 % Clinical Survival						
Tetragonal Zirconia ("3Y")									
Alien HT	3Y	1	100						
Alien Multi-Layer	3Y	1	100						
ArgenZ HT+	3Y	1	100						
BruxZir (2009)	3Y	10	100						
BruxZir Now	3Y	2	100						
BruxZir Shaded	3Y	1	100						
Pavati Z40.1	3Y	2	100						
ZirCAD LT	3Y	4	100						
ZirCAD Prime	3Y core	1	100						
Zirlux 16+	3Y	3	100						
Cubic Containing Zirconia ("4Y & 5Y")									
ZirCAD MT	4Y	1	100						
BruxZir Anterior	5.5Y	2	100						
BruxZir Esthetic	4.7–4.9Y	1	100						
CubeX ²	5Y	1	100						
Katana STML	5–5.5Y	4	100						
Lava Esthetic	5Y	3	100						
ZirCAD Prime	5Y incisal	1	100						
High Stre	ngth Glass	s Ceramic							
Celtra DUO	—	1	73						
e.maxCAD	_	10	94						
Polyı	mer Conta	ining							
Camouflage Now		2	98						
CeraSmart		4	93						
Enamic		4	94						
Lava Ultimate		5	89						
Veneer Ceramic over Zirconia									
Press Ceram/Metoxit	3Y	3	48						

DURABILITY & ESTHETIC OBSERVATIONS BY CATEGORY

- Tetragonal Zirconia ("3Y")
 - <u>Abuse Tolerance</u>: EXCELLENT, whether or not cemented. With minimal preparations (*similar to cast gold prep*), **BruxZir** (2009) has survived below stresses for 10+ years:
 - coarse diamond recontouring while hand held before cementing
 - very thin small zirconia areas on occlusal or axial walls
 - all levels and types of occlusal habits
 - refusal to wear night guard
 - endo entry access
 - <u>Blend with surrounding dentition</u>: FAIR to GOOD, but can be **EXCELLENT** if skilled lab stains in green state, fires correctly, & polishes carefully without over polishing to gray iridescence.
- Cubic Containing Zirconia ("4Y & 5Y")
 - <u>Abuse Tolerance</u>: VERY GOOD so far—<u>after</u> cementation. These formulations are newer and not yet fully proven, but <u>this</u> <u>study shows</u> materials in this category require careful handling:
 - Following brands did not always tolerate handheld recontouring and overall 1% fractured *before cementation:* Alien Multi-Layer BruxZir Anterior BruxZir Esthetic CubeX2
 - <u>do not tolerate</u> very thin areas
 - may fracture during endo entry access (endo entry with Class 4 zirconia not needed in this study yet, <u>BUT</u> fracture has been reported by CR readers). (Endodontic referral dentist needs warning of possible fracture.)
 - <u>Blend with surrounding dentition</u>: VERY GOOD & can be EXCELLENT if lab technician is careful.

High Strength Glass Ceramics

- <u>Abuse Tolerance</u>: <u>E.Max in molars</u> VERY GOOD. With tooth preps used in this study (1.5 to 2.0 mm occlusal, 1.5 axial, deep chamfer margin), it had 94% fracture survival in 10+ years. <u>Celtra DUO in molars</u> POOR. It had 73% fracture survival during 1 service year.
- <u>Blend with surrounding dentition</u>: GENERALLY EXCELLENT.

Polymer Containing

- <u>Abuse Tolerance in molars</u>: GOOD with 88% fracture survival up to 5 years <u>BUT</u> *retention failure (debonds)* <u>was unusually</u> <u>high in this category at 25–36%</u>, except for CAMouflage NOW which had only 4% retention failure after 2 service years. **Other crown categories in this study each had ±2% retention failure.**
- <u>Blend with surrounding dentition</u>: VERY GOOD to EXCELLENT.

Veneer Ceramic over Zirconia

- <u>Abuse Tolerance</u>: **POOR**. These had 52% of crowns with large veneer ceramic fractures compromising occlusion and/or proximal contacts by 3 service years.
- <u>Blend with surrounding dentition</u>: GOOD to EXCELLENT, depending on lab technician.

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ZIRCONIA CROWNS: What dentists and labs need to know in 2020! (Continued from page 3)

3. What internationally agreed upon information on ceramics do I need to know?

International Terminology	Porcelains	Leucite Glass-Ceramics	Lithium Disilicate High Strength Glass Ceramics	Cubic Containing Zirconia	Tetragonol <u>Zirconia</u>
Classes of Ceramics	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4 "4Y & 5Y" Zirconia	Class 5 "3Y" Zirconia
International Agreed Upon Strengths to Expect in Each Class	Flexural Strength: <100 MPa Fracture Toughness: <1.0	Flexural Strength: >100 MPa Fracture Toughness: >1.0	Flexural Strength: > 300 MPa Fracture Toughness: >2	Flexural Strength: >500 MPa Fracture Toughness: >3.5	Flexural Strength: >800 MPa Fracture Toughness: >5
Suggested Appropriate Clinical Uses	Veneering Ceramics	Single Unit Anterior or Posterior Adhesively Cemented	Single Unit Anterior or Posterior	Single Unit Anterior or Posterior	4 or More Units Anterior or Posterior
		Adhesively Cemented		Anterior or Posterior panies must present data to	

Class 4 or Class 5 zirconia. (Chart adapted from Morris G. Esthetic Ceramic Restorations using ADA Approved ISO Standards. J Dent Technology 2018; 22–24.)

<u>NOTE</u>: Lab prescriptions specifying just "zirconia" or checking a brand name on a form without knowing true strengths are *negligent*.

4. What are <u>CONTRA-INDICATIONS</u> for any class of zirconia? (where appropriate cast metal may be indicated)

- Tooth preparations allowing less than 0.6 mm occlusal reduction and corresponding inadequate wall thickness.
- Zirconia opposing zirconia in extremely active heavy occlusions to avoid microscopic breakdown. (See Fig. 1 below.)
- When opposing contact is cast gold or polymer to avoid extreme wear. (See Fig. 2 below.)
- Where precision attachments are indicated.
- Where optimum esthetics is a priority (unless the lab knows how to stain in green state, fire correctly, & polish <u>without over</u> <u>polishing to gray iridescence</u> (no glaze used)).

Figure 2. SEM 10x image of cast gold opposing Class 4 zirconia at 3 service years.

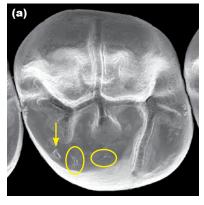
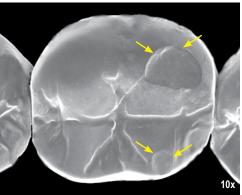


Figure 1. (a) Scanning electron microscope (SEM) 10x image shows 1 chip (arrow) & 2 very small stress areas (ovals) on 8-year Class 5 zirconia. (b) Far right oval area magnified to 110x looks ominous, but it has changed little in 8 years of heavy 24/7 bruxing on zirconia opposing zirconia crowns.





KEY CLINICAL ACTION POINTS FROM THIS RESEARCH ARE:

- (1) If the patient is seeking <u>durability</u> and <u>affordability</u>, choose <u>Class 5 zirconia</u> whenever possible. BruxZir (2009), now called BruxZir Shaded, has demonstrated excellent durability for 10+ years, and its laboratory fees have not changed since 2009. Class 5 zirconias have the strength and toughness to deliver a <u>margin of safety</u> needed to survive common clinical abuses.
- (2) The terminology and numbers in the <u>table above on this page</u> should be memorized or posted on your wall, and sent to your laboratory technician to post on his/her wall so you can communicate.
- (3) Demand that your lab provide essential legal data with <u>each restoration</u>. This includes: Brand name of the zirconia disk milled for that restoration, Zirconia ISO Class, Mol % additives to the zirconium oxide (<u>IdentCeram Certificates</u> do not fulfill these needs, but they provide the only listing of zirconia content available today, and should also be provided with each restoration). <u>NOTE</u>: This information is CRITICAL because 1) It is unwise to place materials in patient's bodies without full disclosure of constituents, 2) Rogue zirconia disks are sold directly to labs from uknown sources without FDA clearance documents available, making content and quality unknown.
- (4) Collect <u>independent</u> data on performance of <u>specific brand names</u> of zirconia. Choose which you prefer and <u>always specify brand name on</u> <u>every prescription</u>—otherwise the laboratory chooses, and this may or may not be what you had in mind for the patient.
- (5) E.max Class 3 non-zirconia ceramic has performed extremely well in this clinical study. It has esthetics and strength well suited to anterior restorations, but is not the most durable choice for <u>molars</u>.
- (6) The Cubic Containing zirconias began to appear in the U.S. about 5 years <u>AFTER BruxZir</u>. Their clinical durability is **NOT YET PROVEN** and is confounded by the ongoing introduction of additional formulations. *In vitro* research on Cubic Containing formulations that exceed 4.5 mol % yttria report performance similar to E.max, indicating best for anterior restorations and less durable on molars.
- (7) Zirconia does not outperform and outdate metals in all cases. Cast metal and PFM restorations are still indicated (see Section 4 above).

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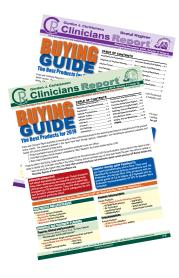
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What is CR?

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